

Drawing Reference Numbers (specify whether Plan, Section, Profile or Elevation):		
Record Photograph #s (include description)	p1160783 ~ p1160794 p1170618 ~ p1170624 p1170718 ~ p1170729 p1170763 ~ p1170769 p1170948 ~ p1170949 DSC_0001 ~ DSC_0010	
2D Ortho Photograph #s		
3D Model #s	#19 #21 #23 #25 #28	
Bulk Finds: None Pottery Bone Lithics Shell Charcoal Marble CBM Other (please note):		
(tick) <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
△ Small Finds: (list, noting: Bag #, Type, Material) Bone Tool #7 Ground Stone #9		
◇ Samples: (list, noting: Sample #, Type, Volume) Flotation #3 #4 #10 #11 Charcoal #6		
Deposit Sieved: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO	% Sieved: 100%	
Discussion: Consider: What is it? What is your interpretation rationale? How does this context relate to surrounding contexts? Have there been post-depositional processes? Are there special characteristics of this context? How was this context formed? What do you think is the origin of this context? The layer is next to the wall, which including many layers of ash, it suppose that human burn something and spread the ash around continuously until it became a flat layer. The quantity of finds is small, and the pottery is <u>Late Neolithic Phase I</u> . C630 is cut by C631 and below C601. 1: The ash could be abandon at this area again and again and spread are smoothly continuously. 2: Human just burn something ^{regularly} at this area, and smoth out the ash after burning. There are lots of charcoal at make the soil dark, but the ash layer didn't disturb C631, which is a clear round area. 1. The C631 was a structure build before C630, so it was already exist and the fire didn't destroy it, only some charcoal remain at the boundary which can be see on the plan.		
Time Period (include rationale):	Phase Number:	Feature / Stratigraphic Group Number:
Late Neolithic I	(I)	
Excavated and recorded by: H.S.Y	Checked by: N2	
Date: 17.07.2023 ~ 20.07.2023	Date: 27/07/2023	

2. The C631 was a cut after C630, so it just truncate C630, so there is absolute no ash in C631.